

ROZSIVAL, M.

ROZSIVAL, M. Congress on methods of testing materials without damage
held in Budapest. p. 243.

Vol. 5, no. 2, Mar. 1955
CESKOSLOVENSKY CASOPIS PRO FYSIKU
SCIENCE
Czechoslovakia (Praga)

So: East European Accessions, Vol. 5, no. 5, May 1956

RCZSIVAL, M.

RCZSIVAL, M. 3d Working Conference of Czechoslovak Electronic Microscop
held in Smolenice. p. 244.

Vol. 5, no. 2, Mar. 1955
CESKOSLOVENSKY CASOPIS PRO FYSIKU
SCIENCE
Praga, Czechoslovakia

So: East European Accessions, Vol. 5, no. 5, May 1956

ROZSIVAL, Miroslav

Electron diffractography. Fckroky fys pev lat 3:101-127. '56

1. Ustav technicke fysiky, Ceskoslovenska akademie ved, Praha.

Rozsival, M.

Visit of Soviet physicists to Czechoslovakia. P. 231
CESKOSLOVENSKY CASOPIS PRO FYSIKU. (Československa akademie ved.
Ustav technicke fysiky) Praha
Vol. 6, no. 2, Mar. 1956

Source: EEAL - LC Vol. 5. No. 10 Oct. 1956

Rozsival, Miroslav

Category : CZECHOSLOVAKIA/Electronics - Electron Microscopy

H-4

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Fizika, No 1, 1957, No 1671

Author : Rozsival, Miroslav

Title : Conference on Electron Microscopy and its Application to Metallography

Orig Pub : Ceskosl. casop. fys., 1956, 6, No 4, 496-498

Abstract : Brief contents of papers delivered at a conference on electron microscopy and its applications, held on 21--23 March 1956 in Brno, (Czechoslovakia). A new Czechoslovak model of electron microscope, developed by Delong and Dragos for metallographic investigation, is reported. This electron microscope has an accelerating voltage of 50 kv, a resolving power of 30 Å, and a magnification of 100--30,000 x. It can operate as a transmission as well as a reflection and as an emission microscope.

Card : 1/1

AUTHOR: Semiletov, S.A. and Rozsival, M.

70-2-15/24

TITLE: Electronographic investigation of films of InSb. (Elektro-nograficheskoye issledovaniye plenok InSb)

PERIODICAL: "Kristallografiya" (Crystallography), 1957, Vol.2,
No.2, pp. 287-288 (U.S.S.R.)

ABSTRACT: Attempts were made to prepare films of InSb by vacuum evaporation of the two metals from two independent vaporisers on to celluloid and crystals of NaCl. This technique gave specimens of variable composition. Finally, evaporation of InSb alloy gave films of InSb but the first layers were of Sb and the last of InSb + In. A powder electronogram of InSb was completely indexed on the basis of the existence of two InSb phases one with the zinc blende structure with $a = 6.46 \text{ \AA}$ and the other with the wurtzite structure with $a = 4.56$ and Card 1/1 $c = 7.46 \text{ KX}$. (n.b. $4.56 \times 2^{1/2} = 6.46$ and $7.46 \times 1/2 \cdot 3^{1/2} = 6.46$). There are 1 table, 1 plate and 1 Slavic reference.

ASSOCIATION: Institute of Crystallography, Ac.Sc. USSR (Institut Kristallografiia AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED: February 7, 1957.
AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

ROZSIVAL, M.

Some experiences from our study trip to the Soviet Union.

P. 464 (Ceskoslovenska Morofolologie. Vol. 7, no. 4, 1957 Praha, Czechoslovakia)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (FEAI) LC. Vol. 7, no. 2,
February 1958

CZECHOSLOVAKIA / Physical Chemistry. Crystals.

B-5

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimia, No 10, 1959, 34011

Author : Rozsival M., Bergstein A.

Inst : Not given

Title : Thermal Decomposition of the Divalent Manganese Carbonate. II. Investigation with Electron Microscope

Orig Pub: Chem. listy, 1958, 52, No 6, 1011-1014

Abstract: With the aid of electron microscope, changes of shape and dimensions of the MnCO₃(I) products of decomposition were studied. Samples of I in the form of tablets, 1 and 10 mm in thickness, pressed under 250 kg/cm² pressure, were heated in air for 3 hours at temperatures ranging from 200° to 1300°. The investigated samples contained 0.001%

Card 1/2

4

ROZSIVAL, M.

CZ/852(82)-10-2/39

AUTHOR: Beránek, A; Rosával, M. and Líšná, J.
 TITLE: On the Preparation of Manganese Ferrites (K přípravě
 manganičitých ferritů)

PERIODICAL: Czechoslovak Listy, 1956, Vol. 52(82), Nr 10, pp 1356 - 1365
 (Czechoslovakia).

ABSTRACT: The chemical and phase composition, the oxygen content, the Curie points and occurrence of two manganese phases in the Mn₂O₃ and Fe₂O₃ containing various mixtures of Mn₂O₃ and Fe₂O₃(OH) depend on the temperature of heating and on air, were investigated. Results indicate the measure of chemical and electrical susceptibility. The composition of the initial substances are given. The molar ratio of the investigated substances was 1:1.04 and the powder substances contained 2 mol-% Mn₂O₃. It was found that the curve showing the dependence of the oxygen content on the temperature has a similar shape as for Mn₂O₃ itself when heated to 1,100°C (Figure 1a and b). The maximum is shifted from 700 to 900 respectively 900°C in the stability region of stoichiometric Mn₂O₃ mixtures with Fe₂O₃ with

Card 1/3

3

The ratio of Mn₂O₃ to no-decarburized manganese content. The ratio of Mn₂O₃ to Mn₂O₃) where exceeded in the range between 400°C and 700°C, thus maximum and the hexagonal structure phase (Mn₂O₃) does not appear anymore but only the ilmenite phase (Mn₂O₃ (Table 2, Fig. 1). Dissolved in Mn₂O₃ and above 700°C (Fig., Table 3) increasing this maximum, solid solutions of Mn₂O₃, Mn₂O₃ + Fe₂O₃ formed. Oxidation takes place between 1,000 and 1,100°C. Solutions of 220°C in Mn₂O₃ are ferrimagnetic and have a cubical structure. Mixtures with a former Mn₂O₃ solution with a tetragonal deformation up to 1,100°C, formed in a richer mixture Curie Point at 200°C (Fig. 4), formed in a solution in Mn₂O₃ at 900°C, is considered to be a solution of the temperature and oxidation takes place on increasing the temperature. No interference can be seen in the reaction curves above 900°C. Mixtures containing 1.557 mol-% Mn are homogeneous above 1000°C and have an accurate Curie point; their Curie constant and Curie temperature change proportionally with the oxygen content above 900°C (Figs. 5 and 6, Curve 1). The proportion of the dissolved Fe₂O₃ increases rapidly with increase in the combustion temperature, and is

Card 2/3

Manganese ferrites only completely soluble at 1550°C under defined experimental conditions. The Curie constant and Curie temperature depend on the oxygen content as well as on the concentration of Fe₂O₃ (Fig. 5 and 6, Curve 2). The authors suggest a basis mechanism for the formation of manganese spinels on air. There are 6 Pictures, 2 Tables and 14 References. 4 English, 4 Russian, 1 German, 1 Italian, 1 Czech.

ASSOCIATION: Československé Akademie Věd, Praha (Institute for Physics, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague)

SUBMITTED: 5th October, 1957

Card 3/3

CZECH/34-59-4-6/18

AUTHOR: Rozsival, M.TITLE: Carbon Carrier Foils and Replicas for Electron Microscopy
and Diffractography (Uhlíkové nosné folie a otisky pro
elektronovou mikroskopii a difraktografii)PERIODICAL: Hutnické Listy, 1959, Nr 4, pp 307 - 309
(Czechoslovakia)

ABSTRACT: A number of unfavourable properties of other foils and replica materials can be eliminated by using carbon foils. Due to its low atom number, carbon has a low scattering effect. It is insoluble in the currently used dispersion fluids, it is stable in alkalis and acids and it can withstand heating in vacuum to several hundreds °C without appreciable change in its properties. It was also found that, even in very thin layers, carbon is mechanically very strong and its structure cannot be discerned in the electron microscope or in the diffractograph. Furthermore, carbon does not swell in the usually applied dispersion fluids and the resolution power of carbon replicas is very high. The author applied the Bradley method (Ref 2) of preparing carbon foils which he simplified by applying vertical insertion of the carbons(see sketch, Figure 1) ✓

Card1/3

CZECH/34-59-4-6/18

Carbon Carrier Foils and Replicas for Electron Microscopy and
Diffractography

so that they are pressed onto each other by the force of gravity. Between two carbons which are provided with shallow recesses, a thin rod of pure graphite is inserted, the size of which has been so chosen that it should evaporate completely during the process of forming the required layer. This eliminates the necessity of repointing the electrodes after each evaporation and also ensures obtaining a reproducible foil thickness during each subsequent evaporation. On the basis of his own results and literary data, the author believes that the carbon foils and replicas will be used to an increasing extent in electron microscopy and diffractography, particularly for studying substances under extreme conditions. There are 3 figures and 5 references, 2 of which are German and 3 English.

✓

Card2/3

06637

CZECH/37-59-5-13/13

AUTHOR: Rozsival, Miroslav
TITLE: Second National Conference of the Czechoslovak Society for
the Propagation of Political and Scientific Knowledge

PERIODICAL: Československý časopis pro fysiku, 1959, Nr 5,
pp 551 - 552

ABSTRACT: The conference took place during January 17-19, 1959 in
Prague and was attended by 843 delegates and guests from
Czechoslovakia and from abroad. The Central Committee of
the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia sent a delegation.
Academician M.B. Mitin from the USSR was present as well
as the representatives of similar societies from Poland,
Eastern Germany, Hungary, Rumania, Bulgaria, Austria and
France.

SUBMITTED: April 28, 1959

Card 1/1

COUNTRY	: Czechoslovakia	B-9
CATEGORY	:	
ABS. JOUR.	: RZKhim., No. 23 1959, No.	81409
AUTHOR	: Rozsival, M.; Bergstein, A.	
INST.	: Not given.	
TITLE	: Thermal Decomposition of MnCO ₃ . II. Electron Microscope Studies.	
ORIG. PUB.	: Collect. Czechosl. Chem. Commans, 1959 24, #4, 1195-1199	
ABSTRACT	: See RZKhim, 1959, #10, 34011.	

CARD: 1/1

81106

Z/012/60/000/01/008/015

E073/E135

24,2200

AUTHORS: Bergstein, A., Rozsival, M., and Mikulas, M.

TITLE: Preparation of Manganese-Magnesium Ferrites and the
Influence of the Initial Ferrous Oxide Used

PERIODICAL: Silikaty, 1960, No 1, pp 60-66 (+ 4 plates)

ABSTRACT: Three types of Fe_2O_3 (designated as Č II, Č VII and Z) were used for manufacturing a Mn-Mg ferrite mass with a rectangular hysteresis for microwave applications. The shape and size of the particles were compared by using an electron microscope (see Fig 2a-2f, plate), the reactivity of the ferrous oxides was determined by means of DTA (graph, Fig 3), and finally the shrinkage curves (Fig 4) were also compared. The cooling curve of the DTA shows a maximum at about 670°C for the $\beta\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ to $\alpha\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$ transformation which can be applied for identifying ferrous oxide which did not react during the heat treatment (Fig 5d). The inclination angle of the DTA curves of the ferrite materials (Fig 5a, b and c) shows the influence of the quality of the applied Fe_2O_3 both on the intensity and the character of the ferrite formation and sintering. It was established by means of an electron microscope (Fig 6, Table 2) that the

Card
1/3

81106

Z/012/60/000/01/008/015
E073/E135

Preparation of Manganese-Magnesium Ferrites and the Influence of
the Initial Ferrous Oxide Used

ferrite crystals in the mass "Z" are largest after heating at 1180 °C, and those of the mass "C II" are smallest. For the mass from the oxide "Z", the crystal growth is fastest at a temperature below 1050 °C, whilst for a mass from the oxide "C VII" it is fastest in the temperature range 1050-1180 °C. A part of the ferrite crystals from the raw material "Z" retains the rod shape of the original FeO(OH); after sintering at 1180 °C the mass obtained from "C II" was found to contain Fe₂O₃ which did not react. Microphotos 7 and 9 (plates) show the difference in the crystal size and porosity of ferrite specimens sintered at 1480 °C. The "rectangularity" factor and the insulation ratio in the case of microwave ferrite increase with increasing size of the crystal and with decreasing porosity. The difference in the SiO₂ content of the "Z" and of "C II" and "C VII" (see Tables 1 and 3) is less significant from the point of view of the properties of the ferrite specimens than

Card
2/3

81106

Z/012/60/000/01/008/015
E073/E135

Preparation of Manganese-Magnesium Ferrites and the Influence of
the Initial Ferrous Oxide Used

the difference in the reactivity between the less
reactive, coarse grained and therefore unsuitable
"Č II" on the one hand, and the "Č VII" and "Ž"
materials on the other hand.

There are 9 figures, 3 tables and 6 references, of
which 1 is English and 5 are Czech.

ASSOCIATION: Ustav technické fysiky ČSAV, Praha
(Institute of Technical Physics, ČSAV Prague)

SUBMITTED: June 10, 1959

Card 3/3

X

Rozsival, M.

Distr: 4Elx(g)/1E2d(b) 2 cys

Study of thin layers of InSb by diffraction of electrons.
Miroslav Rozsival (Ustav teorii fiziky CAS V, Prague). Cas.
Fizika, 1969, 10, 193-204 (1969). The hexagonal and
cubic structure of InSb was proved in thin layers by means
of electrons diffraction (CA 53, 1712A). Both these modifi-
cations are formed under various conditions of prep'n. of
the samples. More precise values of lattice const's were
calcd. for the hexagonal structure by means of data from
Giesecke and Pfister (CA 53, 13346). Good agreement
was found between expt. and theoretical values of difrac-
tion max. R. Zahradnik

4
ISCP(c)
3

KOZESNIK, Jaroslav, akademik; BLASKOVIC, Dionyz, akademik; KOIMAN, Arnost, akademik; MACURA, Jiri, dr.; VAMA, Josef; GOSIOROVSKY, Milos; BOHM, Jaroslav, akademik; PROCHAZKA, Jaroslav, prof., dr.; HAMPEJS, Zdenek, dr.; BRABEC, Frantisek, prof, inz., dr.; SORM, Frantisek, akademik; NOVAK, Josef, akademik; NEUMANN, Jaromir, doc., dr.; BAZANT, Vladimir, inz., dr.; KOUNOVSKY, Bohumil, dr.; SZANTO, Jan, dr.; RQZSIVAL, Miroslav, dr.; KASPAR, Jan, dr.; HANKA, Ladislav, prof., inz.; STRNAD, Julius; WICHTERLE, Otto, akademik; ZATOPEK, Alois; JAVORNICKY, Jan, inz.; VAVRA, Jaroslav, dr.; BLATTNY, Ctibor, akademik; ONDRIS, Karol, dr.; KUKAL, Vaclav, inz.

The 22d Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and the tasks of Czechoslovak science; discussion. Vestnik CSAV 71 no.1:3-59 '62.

1. Hlavni vedecky sekretar Ceskoslovenske akademie ved (for Kozesnik).
2. Clen korespondent Ceskoslovenske akademie ved (for Vana, Gosiorovsky, Kaspar, Strnad, Zatopek). 3. Rektor Karlovy university (for Prochazka).
4. Rektor Ceskeho ysokeho ucenici technickeho (for Brabec). 5. Namestek presidenta Ceskoslovenske akademie ved (for Sorm)

ROZSIVAL, Miroslav

Ten years of physical laboratories of the Czechoslovak Academy
of Sciences. Cs Čas fys 13 no.3:175-180 '63.

ROZSIVAL, Miroslav (Prague)

Some remarks on the modernization of teaching physics. Pokroky
mat fyz astr 9 no.2:113-116 '64

Conference on purposeful employment of graduates in mathematics
and physics in industries. Ibid.: 121-122

FLAJZAR, Borivoj; ROZSIVAL, Miroslav

Photographic magazine for electron diffractograph. Cs cas
fys 14 no. 1:27-33 '64.

1. Ustav fyziky pevných látek, Československá akademie věd,
Praha.

ACC NR: AP6034709

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0082/65/028/006/0429/0443

AUTHOR: Mensikova, Z.; Rozsival, V.; Nadvornik, P.
ORG: Neurosurgical Clinic Medical Faculty, Charles University/headed by Doctor,
Professor R. Petr/, Hradec Kralove (Neurochirurgicka klinika lekarske fakulty KU);
[Mensikova] Faculty Hospital, Hradec Kralove (Fakultni nemocnice).
TITLE: Clinical and EEG picture of disturbances of consciousness (comatose,
semicomatose states, confusion, delirium and drowsiness) [This paper was presented
at the Czech-Polish EEG Symposium held in Sopot, Poland in 1964.]
SOURCE: Ceskoslovenska neurologie, v. 28, no. 6, 1965, 429-443
TOPIC TAGS: EEG, central nervous system, medical research, human ailment
ABSTRACT: Authors' English summary modified: 76 EEG of 59
patients were evaluated; among the patients, 18 were comatose, 13
semicomatose, 6 confused and delirious, and 24 drowsy. 22 cases
were verified by operation and 28 by autopsy. In 26 patients
vascular lesions were found, and in 14 expanding lesions. In
recordings, focal signs were recognized most easily in drowsiness,
but could not be discerned in comatose states. It was not possible
to find intermittent rhythms during deep unconsciousness, mainly
when there was zero activity in semicoma and drowsiness. EEG was
similar to stages of sleep; phasic alternations were noticed in less severe
disturbances of consciousness. In comatose and semicomatose states there was
similarity to deep sleep, in drowsiness to light sleep, and in slight disturbances
to initial stages of sleep. The technical coordination was done by I. Kalistova.
Orig. art. has: 8 figures. [JPRS: 34,161]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 004 / OTH REF: 005
Card 1/1

0921 1337

MENSIKOVA, Z.; ROZSIVAL, V.; NADVORNIK, P. Technicka spoluprace
KALISTOVA, I.

Clinical and electroencephalographic picture of disturbances of consciousness (comatose, semicomatose, amental, delirious and somnolence). Comparison with the EEG of physiological sleep.
Cesk. neurol. 28 no. 61429-443 N '65.

1. Neurochirurgicka klinika lekarske fakulty Karlovy University
v Hradci Kralove (prednosta - prof. dr. R. Petr).

NEMECEK, S.; ROZSIVAL, V.

Coetaneous teratoma of the cerebellum. Cesk. neurol. 28 no.6:
458-460 N ' 65.

1. Neurochirurgicka klinika lekarske fakulty Karlovy University
v Hradci Kralove (prednosta - prof. dr. R. Petr).

NADVORNIK, P.; NEMECEK, S.; BERAN, J.; ROZSIVAL, V.

Clinical and anatomical correlations in injuries of the cervical spinal cord. Rozhl. chir. 44 no.9:641-647 S '65.

1. Neurochirurgicka klinika lekarske fakulty Karlovy University
v Hradci Kralove (prednosta prof. dr. R. Petr).

L 47267-65

ACC NR: AP6034710

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0082/65/028/C06/0458/0460

14

13

AUTHOR: Nemecek, S.; Rozsival, V.

ORG: Neurosurgical Clinic, Medical Faculty, Charles University/headed by Professor, Doctor R. Petr, Hradec Kralove (Neurochirurgicka klinika lekarske fakulty KU); [Nemecek] Faculty Hospital, Hradec Kralove (Fakultni nemocnice)

TITLE: Coetaneous cerebellar teratoma

SOURCE: Ceskoslovenska neurologie, v. 28, no. 6, 1965, 458-460

KEY TAGS: tumor, cerebellum, neurologic surgery

ABSTRACT: A case of a cystic coetaneous cerebellar teratoma (Tridermoma) that was found in a girl of 15 is discussed. The tumor was completely removed by surgery, and the prognosis appears to be most favorable. The clinical manifestations fully agree with the usual clinical picture of tumors occurring on the posterior fossa.
[Based on authors' Eng. abst.] [JPRS: 34,161]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none / ORIG REF: 004 / SOV REF: 001
OTH REF: 003

Card 1/1

GABRIEL, J., MUDr.; FAJKERTOVA, B., MUDr.; HOSKIG, A., MUDr.; ROZSIVAL, V., MUDr.

the possibility of differentiated care under modern conditions. Cech. zdrav. 13 no.2:53-54 P'66.

1. Katedra organizace zdravotnictvi lekarske fakulty Karlovy
University v Hradci Kralove ... Fakultni nemocnice Krajskeho
centra narodneho zdravi v Hradci Kralove.

ZALUD, Pavel; SCHINDLERY, Bohdan; ROZSIVAL, Vlad.

Survival following prolonged unconsciousness in severe commotion
and contusion of the brains. Rozhl. chir. 38 no.11:791-794 Nov 59.

1. Traumatologicke oddeleni KUNZ Usti n. L., prednosta prim. MUDr.
Dolejsi Neurologicke oddeleni KUNZ Usti n. L., prednosta prim.
MUDr. Ponca.

(BRAIN, wds. & inj.)

NALVORNIK, R.; BERAN, J.; NEMCEK, S.; ROZIVAL, V.; MAUERMAN, Z.; GABRIEL, J.

Clinical and anatomical correlations in spinal cord injuries.
(methodical study). Rozhl. chir. 43 no.10:658-662 O '64.

1. Neurochirurgicka klinika (prednost prof. dr. R. Petr),
Ustav soudniho lekarstvi (prednosta doc. dr. J. Beran),
lektarske fakulty Karlovy University v Hradci Kralove.

ROZSIVALOVA, V.; ROZSIVAL, V.; KYRAL, V.; KOMRSKA, M.

Electrodiagnostic examination in various gustular diseases
(preliminary report). Cesk. derm. 39 no.2:100-103 Ap'64

1. Dermatologicka klinika (prednosta: prof. dr. B.Janousek);
neurochirurgicka klinika (prednosta: prof. dr. R.Petr), neu-
rologicka klinika (prednosta: prof. dr. M.Sercl, DrSc.) lekarske
fakulty KU v Hradci Kralove.

*

EXCERPTA MEDICA Ser.8 Vol.10/11 Neurology,etc. Nov 57

5006. ROZSÍVAL V. Neurol. Odd. KÚNZ Úst. n. L. *Chorea luetica. Luetic chorea CAS. LÉK. ČES. 1957, 96/10 (314-316)

Luetic chorea is described in a 61 yr. old male with a positive Wassermann reaction in the blood and in the CSF, and with an inflammatory reaction in the CSF. Another aetiology of the disease was ruled out. During antiluetic therapy there was complete disappearance of the choreic syndrome. The presence of endarteritic changes and perivascular infiltrates in the striatum is assumed.

Roth Prague (VIII,13*)

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.13 Vol.12/3 Dermato-Venereology Mar58

ROZSÍVAL V.

632. LUETIC CHOREA - Chorea luetica - Rozsíval V. - ČAS. LÉK. ČES.

1957, 96/10 (314-316)

Luetic chorea is described in a 61-year-old male with a positive Wassermann reaction in the blood and in the CSF, and with an inflammatory reaction in the CSF. Another aetiology of the disease was ruled out. During antiluetic therapy there was complete disappearance of the choreic syndrome. The presence of endarteritic changes and perivascular infiltrates in the striatum is assumed.

Roth - Prague (VIII, 13)

ROZSIVAL, Vladimir

No translation. Cas. lek. česk. 46 no.10:314-316 8 Mar 56.

1. Neurologicke oddel. KUNZ Usti n. L., primar MUDr.

Evzen Ponca. V. R., Usti n. L., Fucikova 46.

(CHOREA, etiol. & pathogen.

syphilis (Cz))

(SYPHILIS, compl.

chorea (Cz))

ROZSIVAL, Vladimir, MUDr

Experience with Lehocky's method of therapy of multiple sclerosis.
Prakt.lek., Praha 35 no.7:160-161 5 Apr 55.

1. Z neurologickeho oddel. KUNZ, Usti n. L., prim. MUDr Evzen
Ponca.

(MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS, therapy,
Lehocky's method)

ROZSIVAL, Vladimir

On the diagnosis of some aspects of spinal cord expansive processes. Sborn.ved.prac.lek.fak. Karlov.Univ.(Hrad.Kral.)
6 no.5:573-578 '63

1. Neurochirurgicka klinika; prednosta: prof. MUDr. R.Petr.
LFKU v Hradci Kralove.

*

ROZSIVAL, Vladimir; PARIZEK, Jan; LICHY, Josef.

Data on some problems of spinal cord tumors in childhood. Sborn.
ved. prac. lek. fak. Karlov. univ. (Hrad. Kral.) 6 no.5:suppl.:
647-651 '63

1. Neurochirurgicka klinika (prednosta: prof. MUDr. R.Petr) a
Neurologicka klinika (prednosta: prof. MUDr. M.Sercl. DrSc.),
Karlova Universita v Hradee Kralove.

ROZSIVAL, Vladimir; SCHROTENBAUM, Miloslav

Suprasellar carcinoma simulating sarcoma of the base of the skull.
Cesk. neur. 24 no.2:126-130 Mr '61.

1. Neurologické oddelení KUNZ v Ústí nad Labem, prednosta prim. dr.
E. Ponca, Patologicko-anatomické oddelení KUNZ v Ústí nad Labem,
prednosta prim. dr. J. Matousek.

(BRAIN NEOPLASMS diagn) (SKULL neoplasms)
(SARCOMA diagn)

ROZSIVAL, Vladimir; ZALUD, Pavel

Meningioma of the lateral cerebral ventricle. Rozhl. chir. 40 no.11:
726-731 N '61.

1. Neurologicke oddeleni KUNZ, Usti n. Lab., prednosta dr. E. Ponca
Chirurgicke oddeleni KUNZ, Usti n. Lab., prednosta dr. J. Rodling.

(CEREBRAL VENTRICLES neopl)

(MENINGIOMA case reports)

(BRAIN NEOPLASMS case reports)

ROZSIVAL, Vladimir; LICHY, Josef

Vascular malformations of the spinal cord. Sborn. ved. prac. lek.
fak. Karlov. univ. (Hrad Kral) 4 no.4:497-503 '61.

1. Neurochirurgicka klinika; prednosta prof. MUDr. R. Petr
Neurologicka klinika; prednosta prof. DrSc. MUDr. M. Sercl.
(SPINAL CORD blood supply)

KROO, Michal; ROZSIVAL, Vladimir

A pseudotumoral form of neuritis of the cauda equina. Sborn. ved.
prac. lek. fak. Karlov. univ (Hrad Kral) 4 no.4:513-523 '61.

1. Neurochirurgicka klinika; prednosta prof. MUDr. R. Petr.
(CAUDA EQUINA dis) (NEURITIS diag)

NADVORNIK, P.; PARIZEK, J.; MASIN, Zd.; ROZSIVAL, Vl.

The time factor in the diagnosis of closed head injuries. Rozhl.
chir. 41 no.4:255-257 Ap '62.

1. Neurochirurgicka klinika lekarske fakulty KU v Hradci Kralove,
prednosti prof. MUDr. R. Petr.
(BRAIN wds & inj)

MALEC, R.; ROZSIVAL, Vl.; MATEJICEK, V.; SCHINDLERY, C.

Our experience with surgical therapy of severe closed brain injuries.
Rozhl. chir. 41 no.4:284-288 Ap '62.

1. Neurochirurgicka klinika KU v Hradci Kralove, prednosta prof.
MUDr. R. Petr. (BRAIN wds & inj)

ROZSIVALOVA, E.

Some new specialties introduced into the courses of the Faculty of Medicine of Charles University in the 1780's. Cas. lek. cesk. 102 no.15:408-411 12 Ap '63.

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi KU v Praze, prednosta doc. dr. L. Sinkulova.
(EDUCATION, MEDICAL) (HISTORY OF MEDICINE, XVIII CENT.)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

ROESIVALOVA, E., Institute for the History of Medicine (Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi), Faculty of General Medicine (Fakulta vseobecneho lekarstvi), Charles University, Prague, Docent Dr. L. SINKULOVA, Candidate of Sciences, director.

"Work of Vitezslav JANOVSKY in the field of the History of Medicine"

Prague, Casopis Lekaru Ceskych, Vol CII, No 27-28, 6 July 1963, pp 778-779.

Abstract: Short biography of Vitezslav JANOVSKY, MD (1848-1925), founder of Czech dermatology and venereology. Twenty-seven Czech references.

ROZSIVALOVA, E.

Beginnings of the polyclinic at the Prague Medical Faculty.
On the inauguration of lectures at the Czechoslovakian Me-
dical Faculty in 1883. Cas.lek. cesk. 103 no.5:132-134
31 Ja⁶⁴.

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi KU v Praze (prednosta: doc.
dr. L.Sinkulova, CSc.)

*

ROZSIVALOVA, E.

On the history of dermatovenereology at the Prague Medical Faculty. Cesk. derm. 39 no.5:355-361 S '64.

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi Karlovy University v Praze (vedouci doc. dr. Sinkulova, CSc.)

ROZSIVALOVA, E.

Further new lectures at the Prague Medical Faculty in the pre -
revolutionary years 1848-1849. Cas.lek.cesk.103 no.13:354-357
27 Mr'64.

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi
KU v Praze; prednosta: doc.dr.L.Sinkulova, CSc.

*

ROZSIVALOVA, Eva; HLAVACKOVA, Ludmila

Occupational diseases in the past. Prac. lek. 16 no.2:82-86
Mr'64

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi KU
[Karlov university] v Praze; prednostka: doc. dr. L. Sinkulova,
CSc.

ROZSIVALOVA, E.

Historico-medical work of Vitezslav Janovsky. Cas. lek. cesk.
102 no.27/28:778-779 8 Jl '63.

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi KU
v Praze, prednosta doc. dr. L. Sinkulova, CSc.

(BIOGRAPHIES) (MEDICINE, ARABIC)

(HISTORY OF MEDICINE, XVIII CENT.)

(DERMATOLOGY) (VENEREAL DISEASES)

ROZSIVALOVA, E.; SCHMID, L.

Prague medical dissertations. Cas.lek.cesk.99 no.41:1313-1314
7 0'60.

(DISSERTATIONS ACADEMIC bibliog)

ROZSIVALOVA, E.

Physicians and lazarettos in Prague during the epidemic of plague
in 1713 and in the following years. Cas.lek.cesk 100 no.42:1337-1338
20 0 '61.

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi, prednosta doc. dr. L. Sinkulova.

(PLAQUE hist)

ROZSIVALOVA, E., Dr.

Josef Vaclav Tichy, a progressive Czech physician of the 18th century. Cas. lek. cesk. 44 no.37:1010-1012 9 Sept 55.

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi, prednosta doc. Dr. Mil. Matousek.

(MEDICINE, history

in Czech., work of Josef Vaclav Tichy.)

(BIOGRAPHIES

Tichy, Josef V.)

ROZSIVALOVA, Eva; HLAVACKOVA, Ludmila

Occupational diseases in the past. Prac. lek. 16 no.1:
40-42 Ja'64.

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi
KU [Karlov university] v Praze; vedouci: doc. dr. L.
Sinkulova, CSc.

ROZSIVALOVA, Eva, MUDr

History of tuberculosis consultation centers for children in
Czechoslovakia. Cas. lek. cesk. 93 no.39:1077-1078 24 Sept 54.

1. Z ustavu pro dejiny lekarstvi, prednosta doc. Dr Mil. Matousek.
(TUBERCULOSIS, history,
in Czech., consultation centers for child.)

Excerpta Medica 1/1 sec 17 Jan 55 Pub. Health, Social Medicine & etc

182. ROZSÍVALOVÁ E. Úst. prodějny lék. Karlovy Univ. Praha. *Začátky očkování chránicek proti neštovicím u nás. The beginnings of small-pox vaccination in Czechoslovakia CAS. LÉK. CES. 1954, 93/1 (25-27)

The first attempt at vaccination was made by K. Bauer in 1799; he inoculated 2 children with cow-pox lymph received from Dublin. This was not successful. Positive results were reported by J. Mayer in 1800. Vaccination thereafter rapidly spread throughout the Bohemian countries. In 1801, 1,910 children were inoculated; the number in 1802 was 8,180 and that in 1803 12,842. The 1825 number was 130,330 and that in 1844 was 142,970. Regulations for inoculation were issued in Bohemia as early as 1803, and were extended to the entire Austrian-Hungarian empire in 1808.

Jirovec - Prague

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445730006-1

ROZSIVALVOVA, E.

Origin of protective vaccination against smallpox in Czechoslovakia.
Cas. lek. cesk. 93 no.1:25-27 8 Jan 1953. (CML 25:5)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445730006-1"

CANCIK, J.; ROZSIVALOVA, E.

100th birthday anniversary of Prof. Dr. Gustav Kabrhel. Cas. lek. cesk.
97 no.25:794-795 20 June 58.

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi.
(BIOGRAPHIES
Kabrhel, Gustav (Cz))

ROZSIVALOVA, E.

The interest in health conditions of the working class as reflected
in 1st 25 volumes of the journal Casopis Lekaru Ceskych. Prac. lek.
14 no. 9:429-433 N '62.

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi KU v
Praze, vedouci doc. dr. L. Sinkulova.

(HISTORY OF MEDICINE XIX CENT) (INDUSTRIAL MEDICINE)
(PERIODICALS)

1 CZECHOSLOVAKIA

ROZSTYALKA, E., Institute of History of Medicine, Head
Asst. Prof. L. Sinkulova, M.D. (Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi,
prednosta doc. dr. L. Sinkulova), Prague.

" XVIII. International Congress of History of Medicine in
September 1962 in Poland."

Prague, Casopis Lekaru Ceskych, Vol 102, No 2, 1 March
1963, pp 244- 245.

Abstract: The congress was organized by the International
Society for History of Medicine whose president is E.
Wickersheimer of France and General Secretary F.A. Sonder-
vorst of Belgium. Participants from Italy, Belgium, France,
Sweden, USA, Germany, Britain, Greece, Brazil, Egypt, Israel,
Canada, Spain, Russia, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Rumania,
Hungary and Bulgaria took part.
No references.

1/1

FRANKENBERGER, Zd.; ROZSIVALOVA, E.

Unknown dissertation of Jan Bohac. Cas. lek. cesk. 97 no.29:914-916
11 July 58.

1. Zd. F., Praha 2, Katerinska 32.
(BIOGRAPHIES,
Bohad, Jan (Cz))

ROZSIVALOVA, E.

SURNAME, Given Name

(2)

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees: MD General
Institute of the History of Medicine, Faculty of Medicine KU
Affiliation: /Karlova universita; Charles University/ (Ustav pro dejiny lekar-
stvi fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi KU), Prague; Director:

SOURCE: L. SINKLOVA, MD.

Source: Prague, Prakticka Lekar, Vol 41, No 9, 1961, pp 420-422.

DATA

Data: "Lectures on Some New Fields in Clinical Medicine at the Prague
Medical Faculty Before the Revolutionary Years 1848/49."

GPO 981643

ROZSIVALOVA, Eva; HLAVACKOVA, Ludmila

Occupational diseases in the past. Prac. lek. 16 no. 3:128-132
Mr'64

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi fakulty vseobecneho lekarstvi
KU [Karlov university] v Praze; vedouci: doc. dr. L. Sinkulova,
CSc.

ROZSIVALOVA, Eva

Beginning of lectures on the history of medicine at the Medical Faculty
in Prague. Cas. lek. cesk. 97 no.34:1079-1082 22 Aug 58.

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi, zast. prednosta prof. Dr. Jos. Cancik.
(HISTORY, MEDICAL, educ.
lectures at Med. Faculty in Prague (Cz))

ROZSIVALOVA, Eva

The first lecture on dentistry at the Prague University. Cas. lek.
cesk. 98 no.11:344-348 13 Mar 59.

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi, zast. prednosta prod. dr. Jos.
Cancik.

(EDUCATION, DENTAL, history,
in Czech. (Cz))

ROZSIVALOVA, Eva, Dr.

Mikulas Ales a Josef Thomayer. Cas.lek.cesk. 91 no.41:1189-1190
10 Oct 52.

1. Ustav pro dejiny lekarstvi v Praze.

(BIOGRAPHIES,
Ales, Mikulas)

(BIOGRAPHIES,
Thomayer, Josef)

ROZSIVALOVA, V.; ROZSIVAL, V.; KYRAL, V.; KOMRSKA, M.

Electrodiagnostic examination in various pustular diseases
(preliminary report). Cesk. derm. 39 no.2:100-103 Ap'64

1. Dermatologicka klinika (prednosta: prof. dr. B.Janousek);
neurochirurgicka klinika (prednosta: prof. dr. R.Petr), neu-
rologicka klinika (prednosta: prof. dr. M.Sercl, DrSc.) lekarske
fakulty KU v Hradci Kralove.

*

ROZSIVALOVA, V.

An attempt to treat various bullous diseases with gamma-globulin. Česk. derm. 40 no.4:259-262 Ag '65.

1. Dermato-venerologicka klinika lekarske fakulty Karlovy
University v Hradci Kralove (prednosta prof. dr. B. Janousek).

BARTAK, P.; ROZSIVALOVA, V.

Pemphigus vulgaris and pemphigoid. Cesk. derm. 37 no.6:389-396 D '62.

1. Dermatologicka klinika lekarske fakulty University Karlovy v Hradci
Kralove, prednosta prof. dr. B. Janousek.
(PEMPHIGUS)

JANOUSEK, Bretislav; BARTAK, Pavel; CIHACEK, Jan; DADNA, Jaroslav;
DLABALOVA, Hana; KRAUS, Zdenek; NOZICKOVA, Marie; PETRIK, Va,
Alena; ROZSIVALOVA, Vera; SOLTÁ, Vladimir.

A contribution to the problems of varicose leg ulcers. Sborn.
ved. prac.lek. fak. Karlov. Univ. 8 no.3:299-304 '65.

1. Dermatovenerologicka klinika (prednosta: prof. MUDr.
- B. Janousek) Karlovy University v Hradci Kralove.

HOESIVAILOVA, Vera; MATEJA, Frantisek

Blood proteins in blisterous dermatoses. Sborn. ved. prac. lek. fak. Karlov. univ.: Suppl. 8 no.4:451-454 '65.

I. Kozni klinika (prednosta prof. MUDr. B. Janousek) a II. interni klinika (prednosta prof. MUDr. V. Jurkovic, DrSc.).

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445730006-1

ROZSLAY, Ferenc Gyorgy

Concluding parts of city surveying. Geod kart 15 no.3:
199-204 '63.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445730006-1"

ROZSLAY, Ferenc Gyorgy, okleveles mernok

Area computation of our city surveys. Geod kart 1:6 no.6:444-447 '62.

1. Budapesti Geodziai es Terkepeszeti Vallalat.
~~[REDACTED]~~

ROZSLAY, Ferenc Gyorgy, mernok

A quick method for the projective calculation of lower points.
Geod kart 14 no.3:167-171 '62.

1. Budapesti Geodeziai Terkepeszeti Vallalat.

SZENT-IVANYI, Gyorgy; ROZSLAY, Gyorgy

Improving our technical language. Geol kart 1:142-143
'65.

ROSELY, Ferenc Gyorgy

Control of rectangular coordinate measurements. Geod.kart
16 no.4:270-272 '64.

Remark on Emil Regoczi's article. Ibid.:289-290

ROZSLAY, Gyorgy

Students of the United Arab Republic at the Budapest Institute
for Geodesy and Cartography. Geod kart 15 no.6:464 '63.

BASSZINA, M. [Bassina, M.] (Lvov); DEGTYALEVA, L. (Volgograd); LAVREN'EV, G. (Leningrad); MIHAJLOV, A. [Mikhaylov, A.] (Samarkand); PETRENKO, G. (Tiraspol); ROZSNOV, V. [Roshnov, V.] (Donetsk); TARTAKOVSKIJ, N. [Tartakovskiy, N.] (Kiev)

Radio amateurism into the schools! Radiotekhnika 12 no.12:394-395
D '62.

ROZSNYAI, B.

SCIENCE

PERIODICALS: ~~ACTA SCOLASTICA~~. Vol. 3, No. 4, 1955
MAGYAR FIZIKAI FOLYOIRAT. Vol. 3, no. 4, 1955

Rozsnyai, B. Remarks on the correlation between atomic shell structures and density distribution. p. 377

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 2,
February 1959, Unclass.

ROZSNYAI, J.

Current research problems in producing drupes; ansl, remarks by I. Tamassy
and others. p. 81.
(KOZLEMENYEI. Vol. 12, no. 1/4, 1957, Budapest, Hungary)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC. Vol. 6, no. 12, Dec. 1957.
Uncl.

ROZSNAI, K.

Some problems of railroad transportation of goods which exceed clearance. p. 478
Draft list of technical entries for Magyar enciklopedia (Hungarian Encyclopedia)
in the matter of railroad engineering. p. 481.

So: Eastern European Accession. Vol 5, no. 4, April 1956

ROZSNYAY, Karoly

Testing industrial track clearances. Vasut 12 no.1:14-16
30 Ja '62.

ROZSNTAY, Karoly, ORSZAGOS MUNKAKIÉSZÍTŐ

Refining clearance dimensions for narrow-gauge railways at non-standard gradients. Mozi tud sz 14 no.12:563-569 D '62.

1) Department of Railways of the Ministry of Transportation and Postal Affairs, Budapest.

Bogdani, Károly, oklevélies mérnök, felszolgáltató

Clearance determination of narrow gauge railroads. Kozl tui sz
14. no.10:460-472 0 '64.

1. No.1 Department of Railways, Ministry of Transportation and
Postal Affairs, Budapest.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445730006-1

ROZSNYAY, Karoly

Transportation of long shipments. Vasut 13 no.9:29-31 S '63.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445730006-1"

RC 250, PETER

200

Péter, Rózsa. Die mathematischen Arbeiten von László Kalmar. Mat. Lapok 6 (1955), 138-150. (Hungarian.)
Russian and German summaries)

I - F/W

Translation of Title: The Mathematical Works of Laszlo Kalmar.

Meiss

math

RW

HUNGARY

ROZSOS, Istvan, M.D., and SZENESS, Laszlo, M.D., of the Chirurgical Department at the Hospital of the Magye Gyor-Sopron Council (Gyor-Sopron Magyar Tanacs Konyhaza, Sabeszeti Osztaly) [location not given].

"Experimental Studies on the Drainage in Appendicular Peritonitis"

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 104, No 7, 17 Feb 1963, pp. 298-303.

Abstract: The exudate from the gastric space and through the drain was studied microbiologically. The latter was sterile for at least the first 48 hours; the first appearance of a bacterial flora usually was followed shortly by a cessation of draining. In most cases the amount of drainage was less than 40 milliliter and in all cases less than the amount drained during surgical action. In view of the availability of effective antibiotics, the need for draining has appreciably lessened. Fifty-three references, including 2 Polish, 10 Hungarian, 16 German, 2 Russian, and 21 Western.

1/1

ERDEY-GRUZ, Tibor; BERKY, Denes; KAPOSI, Oliver; ROZSONDAI, Bela

Automatic timer for capillary viscosimeters. Magy Kem folyoir
67 no.2:200-203 My '61.

1. Eotvos Lorand Tudomanyegyetem Fizikai Kemial es Radiologial
Tanszeke, Budapest 2. "Magyar Kemial Folyoirat" felelos szerkesztoje
(for Erdey-Gruz).

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445730006-1

ROZSNYAY, Karoly

Reconstruction of the Hatvan-Ujszasz railroad line. Vasut 14
no. 4:26-27 Ap '64.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445730006-1"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445730006-1

ROZSNYAY, Karoly

Modernization of the Szolnok railroad center. Vasut 14
no. 1: 14-15 Ja '64.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445730006-1"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445730006-1

ROZSNYAY, Karoly

Standardization of light railroad tracks. Vasut 13 no. 11:
7-8 N'63.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001445730006-1"

ERDEY-GRUZ, Tibor, prof., dr. (Budapest VIII., Puskin u.11-13);
BERKY, Denes (Budapest VIII., Puskin u.11-13);
KAPOSI, Oliver (Budapest VIII., Puskin u.11-13);
ROZSONDAI, Bela (Budapest VIII., Puskin u.11-13)

Automatic timing device for capillary viscosimeters.
Acta chimica Hung 31 no.4:385-392 '62.

1. Lehrstuhl fur Physikalische Chemie und Radiologie der L.
Eotvos Universitat, Budapest.. 2. "Acta Chimica Academiae
Scientiarum Hungaricae" szerkeszto bizottsagi tagja (for
Erdey-Gruz).

SZENTAGOTTHAI, Janos; ROZSOS, Istvan; KUTAS, Janos

Role of the posterior pituitary in the blood circulation of the anterior pituitary. Magy. Tudom. Akad. Biol. Orv. Oszt. Kozl. 8 no.1-2:104-106 1957.

1. A Pecsi Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Anatomiai, Szovet- es Fejlodestani Intezete.

(PITUITARY GLAND, ANTERIOR, blood supply

role of blood supply of posterior pituitary (Hun))

(PITUITARY GLAND, POSTERIOR, blood supply

role in blood supply of anterior pituitary (Hun))

ROZSOS, Istvan, Dr.; KPOS, Gyula, Dr.

~~Abdominal purpura causing acute abdominal catastrophe. Orv. hetil. 100
no.2:79-80 11 Jan 59.~~

1. A Gyor-Sopron Megyei Tanacs Korhaza (igazgato: Tomas Lorand dr.)
Sebeszeti Osztalyanak (foorvos: Szanto Tibor dr.) es Gyermekosztalytanak
(foorvos: Szekely Ferenc dr. kozlemenye.

(PURPURA, NONTHROMBOPENIC, in inf. & child

acute abdom. in Henoch's purpura, case report (Hun))

(ABDOMEN, ACUTE, in inf. & child

caused by Henoch's purpura, case report (Hun))

ROZSOS, Istvan, dr.; SZABO, Bela, dr.

The occurrence of Meckel's diverticulum and its complications among the patients of our ward in ten years. Orv. hetil. 103 no.43:2028-2030 28 0 '62.

1. Kaposvari Korhaz, I. sz. Sebezeti Osztaly.
(MECKEL'S DIVERTICULUM)

HUNGARY

GÖSSÖ, István, Dr., Hospital of Nagyvarad, I. Surgical Ward (Kaposvari Kórház, I. Székeszeti Osztály).

"Gall Bladder Carcinoma."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 104, No 13, 31 Mar 63, pages 584-587.

Abstract: [Author's Hungarian summary modified] The author reports on 87 cases of carcinoma of the gall bladder, which represents 6-7 per cent of the cholecystectomy cases. The occurrence of carcinoma is related by the author to age, sex and the presence of stones. The symptoms are discussed as to their frequency. The high number of cases where only laparotomy was possible with a high mortality rate convinces the author that, in cases of inoperable gall bladder carcinoma, laparoscopy should be the procedure of choice. Not one five year survival could be reported. Improvement of the statistics can only be expected from the use of prophylactic cholecystectomy, according to the author. (See also 1st & 2nd Heidelberg references.)

ROZSOS, Istvan, dr.; Szeness, Laszlo, dr.

Experimental studies in the drainage therapy of peritonitis of appendiceal origin. Orv. hetil. 104 no.7:298-303 17 F '63.

1. Gyor-Sopron megyei Tanacs Korhaza, Sebeszeti Osztaly es Gyor-Sopron megyei KOJALL.

(APPENDICITIS) (PERITONITIS) (DRAINAGE) (ANTIBIOTICS)

ROZSOS, Istvan, dr.

On cancer of the gallbladder. Orv. hetil. 104 no.13: 584-587 31 Mr '63.

1. Kaposvari Korhaz, I. Sebeszeti Osztaly.
(GALLBLADDER NEOPLASMS) (AGING) (CHOLECYSTECTOMY)
(NEOPLASMS METASTASIS) (LIVER) (CHOLELITHIASIS) (DIAGNOSIS)

HUNGARY

ROZSOS, Istvan, Dr., HORVATH, Istvan, Dr., SZUTRELY, Antal, Dr.; Jaras Hospital of Keszthely, Surgical Ward (Keszthelyi Jarasi Korhaz, Sebeszeti Osztaly).

"The Problem of Surgical Asepsis-Antiseptics in a District Hospital."

Budapest, Magyar Sebészeti, Vol XVI, No 2, May 63, pages 94-97.

Abstract: [Authors' German summary] The occurrence of wound infections among the surgical cases of a district hospital over a five-year span is examined. Among aseptic operations, infection of the wound was 2.4 per cent. This good result is probably due to the circumstance that during the entire time the same four surgeons operated exclusively using atraumatic surgical techniques continually and the number of patients was relatively small. Also, strictly aseptic-antiseptic techniques were used and antibiotics were used very conservatively. 9 Hungarian, 3 Western references.

1/1

ROZSOS, Istvan, dr.

Simultaneous occurrence of diverticulum-ileus, acute appendicitis and enterocystitis. Orv. hetil. 105 no.14:653-654
5 Ap'64.

1. Kaposvari Korhaz, I.Sebeszeti Osztaly.

ROZSOS, Istvan, dr.; SZABO, Bela, dr.

On spontaneous intra- and retro-peritoneal hemorrhages.
Orv.Hetil.105 no.22:1018-1021 My 31 '64.

I. Kaposvari Korhaz, Sebeszeti Osztaly.